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NO. 2 C.I.A. POST REMAINS VACANT

Stennis Reported to Oppose Military Man for Job

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27— The White House has delayed filling the No. 2 position at the Central Intelligence Agency for more than two months out of deference to Senator John C. Stennis, Government sources

Late in December, they say, President Nixon chose Maj. Gen. Vernon A. Walters, a veteran Army intelligence officer, to succeed Lieut. Gen. Robert E. Cushman of the Marines as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence.

General Walters, who speaks seven languages, accompanied the President to the Azores last fall and served as his personal interpreter in the meeting there with President Pompidou of France.

However, informants Senator Stennis, who is Chairman of the Armed Services Committee and virtually a oneman watchdog committee on C.I.A. activities, has privately indicated that he would prefer a civilian.

Under the National Security Act of 1947, which created the agency, the director, who is paid \$42,500 yearly, and the



Gen. Vernon A. Walters

\$40,000, may not both be mil- read in most of the country. itary men.

Both may be civilians, however. In recent years the tradition has been to have a civilian director and military deputy or vice versa.

Senator Stennis, Democrat of Mississippi, is an influential supporter of the agency and is said by his associates to hold Richard M. Helms, its director, a civilian, in high esteem. Mr. Helms is said to reciprocete fully.

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The mutual regard has aroused in other influential Senators the belief that Mr. Helms runs the agency's global activities with virtually no meaningful supervision by Congress other than that of Senator Stennis.

Last year, for example, Senator Stennis held no meetings of the Committee on C.I.A Activities, which he heads. Although it includes other Sena-tors from the Armed Services Committee and from the Appropriations and Foreign Relations committees, their protests apparently went unheeded.

Senator Stennis was traveling today and unavailable for comment. Mr. Helms, too was unavailable.

Sources close to the intelligence community, however, expressed surprise that Senator Stennis was insisting on a civil-ian deputy. They pointed out that Mr. Helms and his senior aides traditionally prefer a military deputy to obtain quick, close cooperation with the Defense Department around the world.

Reorganization a Factor

An aide to Senator Stennis, reached by telephone in Mississippi, said that the Senator had no personal objection to the ap-pointment of General Walters. If President Nixon formally sent it to the Armed Services Committee for confirmation, the aide said, Senator Stennis would vote to approve it.

However, he and certain other influential Senators are said to have resented the way that President Nixon and Henry A. Kissinger, his national security: assistant, disclosed on Nov. 5 a major reorganization of national intelligence. There was virtually no consultation with Congress.

The announcement came late on a Friday afternoon after the President, his staff and the White House reporters had left for Key Biscayne, Fla. There was no warning to the press and no substantive briefing. Many suspected the announce-ment was timed to appear in deputy director, who receives Saturday newspapers, lightly

General Walters accompanied Mr. Nixon around Latin America during his Vice Presidential Stennis, John tour in 1958. He has also served as personal interpreter for Presidents Eisenhower, Kennedy and Johnson..

Intelligence sources said that President Nixon had not consulted Mr. Helms either in naming General Cushman to be his deputy at the start of the Administration or in recently proposing General Walters.

General Cushman, who became commandant of the Marine Corps on Jan. 1, was naval aide to Mr. Nixon during his terms as Vice President. General Walters has also been personally identified with Mr. Nixon for more than 20 years.